Abstract

A metal coating method excellent in corrosion resistance, which comprises: using a cationic coating composition containing a base resin and a curing agent; and forming a film onto such as a metal having a glass transition 5 point (Tg) of from 60 to 95°C, and an oxygen permeability of from 5 \times 10⁻¹³ (cc·cm/cm²·sec·cmHg) to 5 \times 10⁻¹¹ $(cc \cdot cm/cm^2 \cdot sec \cdot cmHg)$ at a film thickness of 20 μm . The base resin is a xylene-formaldehyde-resin-modified aminocontaining epoxy resin obtained by reacting an epoxy resin 10 (1) having an epoxy equivalent of from 180 to 2500 with a xylene formaldehyde resin (2) and an amino-containing compound (3). The curing agent is a blocked polyisocyanate compound obtained by blocking an isocyanate group of a polyisocyanate compound with a blocking agent. 15